

Introduction to R and the tidyverse

– tools of the trade –

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Tools

Tools of the trade

- Book: [R for Data Science 2d edition \(free\)](#)
- R editor: [Rstudio \(free\)](#)
- Packages: [tidyverse \(free\)](#)
- Hosting and version control: [gitlab \(free\)](#)
- Data: freely available data + [eurostat](#) + [tidytuesday \(free\)](#)

bottom line, all tools here are [free](#).

Why R?

Your R background

How many of you have already used ...?

- Excel
- SAS, SPSS
- Stata
- Base R
- Tidyverse R
- Python, Jupyter, Julia, C, C++...

Why R?

- it's **free** (as in *free beer* and also as in *free speech*)
- it has a *huge* code and user **base**
- it is a programming language *built for doing statistics*
- you have to *understand what you are doing*
- it forces you to use **scripts** -> reproducible research
- Increasingly used in **industry & data science**

Why not Excel? [a short rant]

*Excel is bad for **reproducible** work*

- click-based interface is a source of horrible errors
- Reinhart & Rogoff [see here for more](#)
- Other famous Excel [disasters](#)
- You can run macros, but then it gets awkward anyway

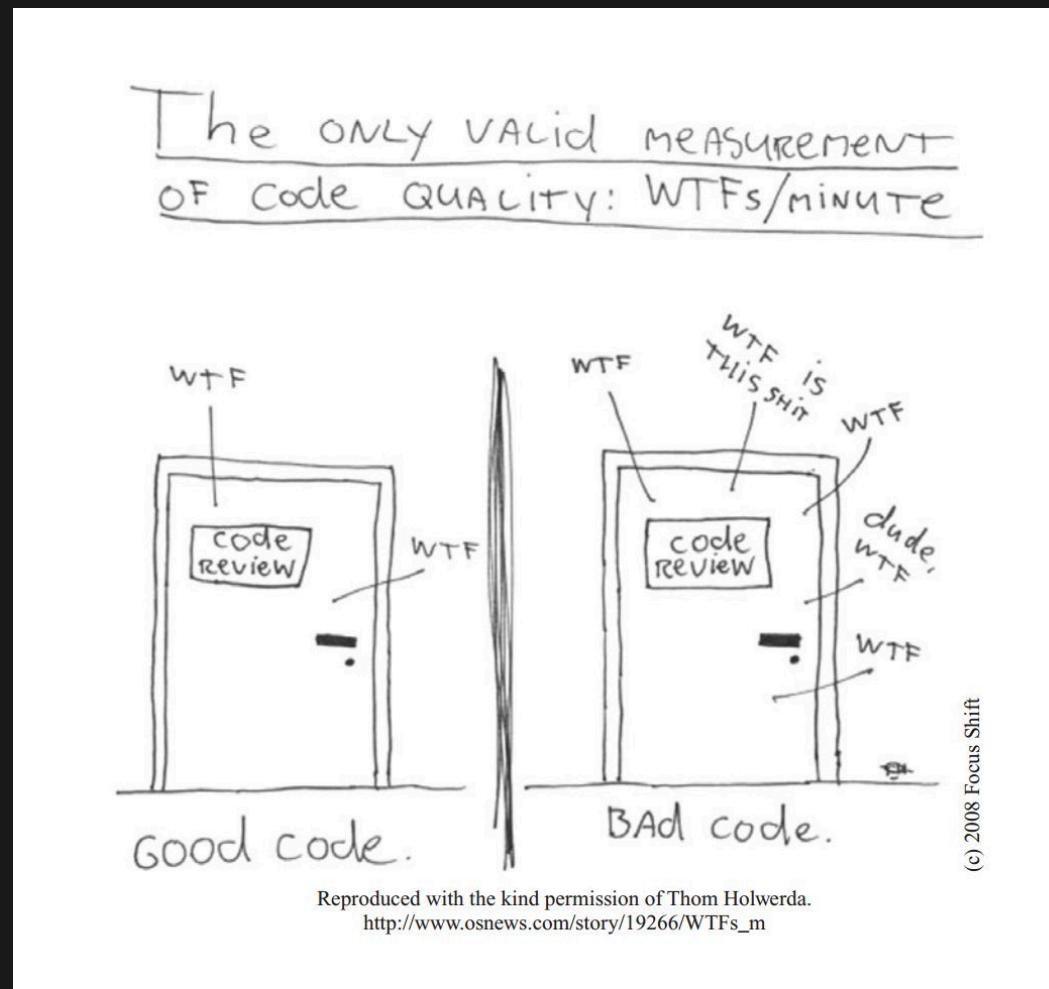
Reproducible work: why

Whenever you do serious analysis, consider this

- in any analysis, **hundreds of operations** on your data
- each can be a **mistake**, can be forgotten, or done twice
- 1 month later: **will you remember?**
- NO
- it's hard for you. Imagine for others.

Reproducible work: why

Take care of your future self: do **reproducible work**



Reproducible work: how

You need to keep track of what you do.

- always use a **script-based** language
- experiment interactively, try and re-try...
- ...but then lock what you did in a *script*
- **comment** extensively

Install time!

Install checklist

- R (<https://pbil.univ-lyon1.fr/CRAN/>)
- Rstudio <https://posit.co/downloads/>)
- Package tidyverse:
 - open Rstudio
 - `install.packages("tidyverse")`
- git (<https://git-scm.com/downloads>)
- gitlab UGA (<https://gricad-gitlab.univ-grenoble-alpes.fr/>)

Setting up the course

- I will invite you to the git lab: accept
- Open Rstudio
- File >> New Project >> Version Control >> Git
- Type in the URL: https://gricad-gitlab.univ-grenoble-alpes.fr/crosettp/intro_to_r_2024_25.git
- Select a directory where you want to store your project
- All set!

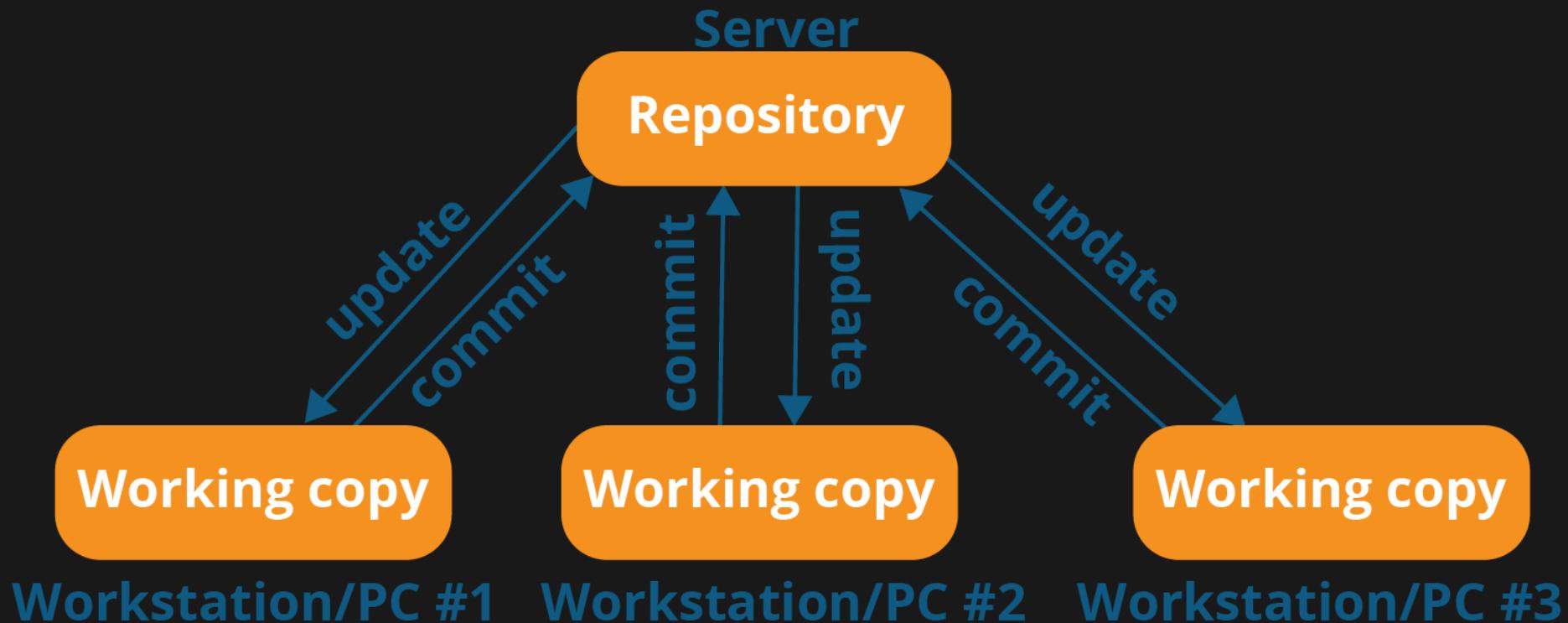
git & gitlab

Reproducible work: online repository

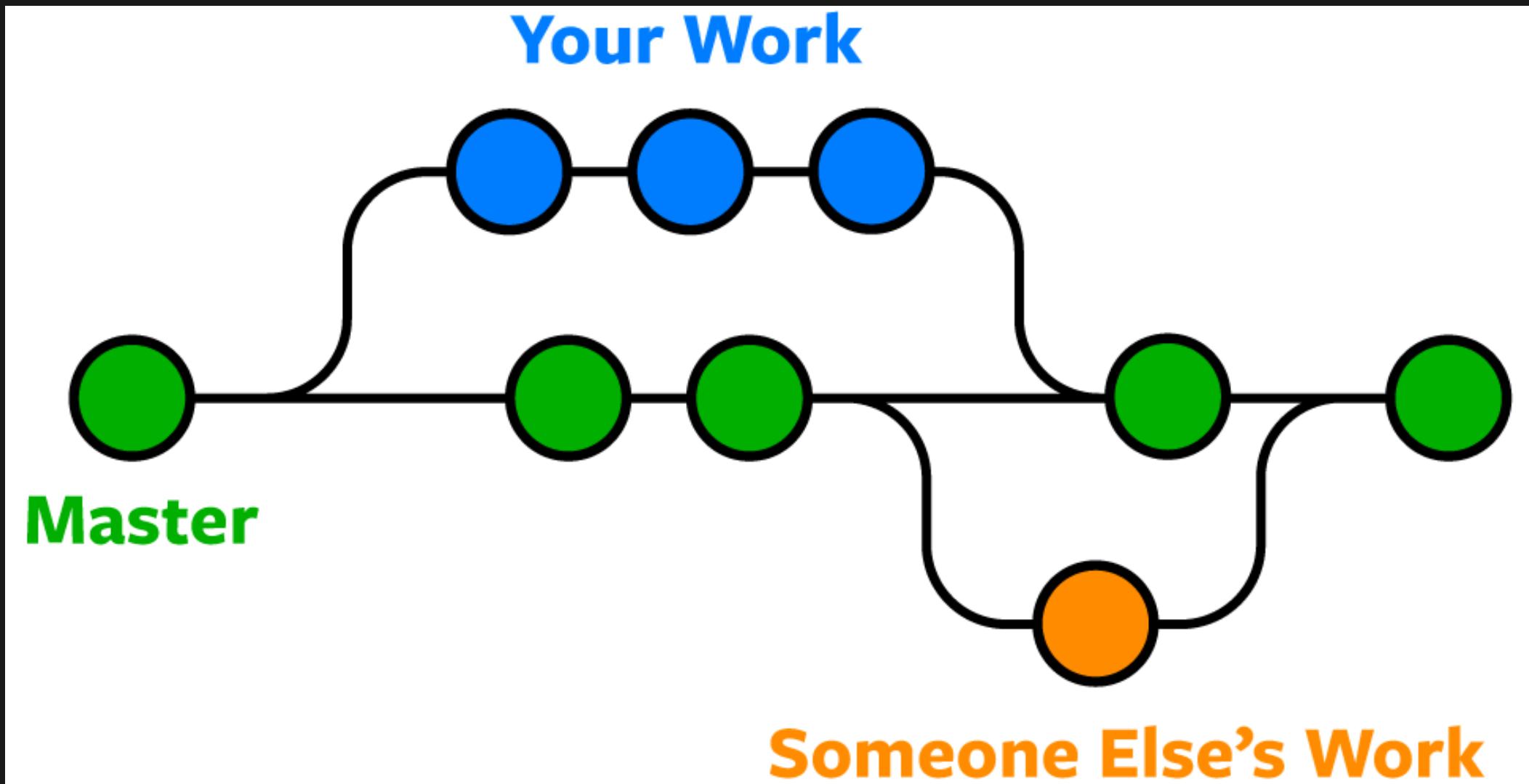
- like word **comments** but for coders
- like **dropbox** but for coders
- keeping **track** of all code changes
- allowing **cooperation**
- forcing **clarity**

What is git /1

Centralized version control system



What is git /2



Git basics

1. `pull` the remote repo to your local machine.
2. work locally, make changes...
3. see? git pane updates
4. check changes: `diff`
5. happy with the changes? `commit` them (using a nice message)
6. done a bunch of changes? `push` them to the remote repo
7. repeat

Gitlab exercise

- Navigate to your student folder.
- You'll see a `deleteme.txt` file
- Open it
- Follow instructions

RStudio

RStudio tour

- panes
- resources
- console
- history
- plots
- packages
- help
- editor

Rstudio exercise

1. investigate what does the function `summary` do (?)
2. find package info for package `babynames`
3. not found? install `babynames` (`install.packages`)
4. try to `summary` `babynames`
5. import the `babynames` dataset to your environment
6. explore the objects in your environment
7. `View()` filter, arrange, reorder the dataset visually

R basics

First, let's start a notes file

- in the Files pane
 - navigate to **your student folder**
 - Click on New Blank File >> R script
 - name it “notes_L1.R”; click to open it
- it now opens in the Editor pane
- in the first line, type “library(tidyverse)” & save.
- **commit, pull, push**

I also start a notes_L1.R file in **/Paolos_Notes**

Some R basic commands

- concatenate to create vectors: `c()`
- assign: `<-`
- turn vectors into matrices: `rbind()`, `cbind()`
- matrix extraction: `[]`
- data frames (tibbles): `mpg`
- variable extraction: `$`
- variable types and how to change them: `is.*`; `as.*`
- create strings: `paste`

Exercises

1. Create a vector of 4 numbers, call it “vec1”. Then another, call it “vec2”.

Create a column matrix of these two.

2. assign the data frame *mpg* to an object “df”
extract the columns *hwy* and *cty*, turn them into a character
create a single text variable of city and highway consumption

Quarto

Markdown

a simple markup language to generate simple text file with minimal syntax

- renders to **HTML** by default
- (but also to **PDF** or to different types of slides)
- (and to **word**, and to **powerpoint**)
- **minimal** syntax
- cheat sheet (Rstudio -> Help -> Cheatsheets -> R Markdown reference guide)

Exercise

Create your first (and last!) Markdown file

- in the Files pane, navigate to **your** folder
- New Blank File >> Text file
- name it **my_first.md**
- open it in editor; write stuff
- try rendering in different format
- **commit, pull, push**

Rmarkdown

allows to insert **R** code into markdown documents

- code *blends* into text files
- code is **executed** each time the document is compiled
- all dependencies installed by default on Rstudio

Quarto

- A complete modern publishing tools in R
- Tutorial: File -> New File -> Quarto document...
- Embed R code
- Export to a variety of formats

Exercise

Create your first (of many!) Quarto file

- in the Files pane, navigate to your folder
- New Blank File >> Quarto doc...
- name it `my_first_quarto.qmd`
- open it in editor
- we'll play around together
- try rendering in different format
- `commit, pull, push`

Exercise

1. Open `my_first_quarto.qmd`
2. add a code chunk: `R` compute the square root of a number
3. `Render`
4. `commit, pull, push`

Quarto in this course

- These slides made using `quarto`
- Your final exam statistical essay will use `quarto`
- you can easily deploy `.qmd` to the web

Online resources

Cheat sheets

you might want to have a list of functions at hand for your exercises

- Base R cheat sheet: [here](#)
- Rstudio cheat sheet: [here](#)
- data manipulation cheat sheet: [here](#)
- ggplot2 cheat sheet: [here](#)
- Eurostat cheat sheet: [here](#)

Books and other online resources

- [Tidyverse website](#): package documentation and examples
- [R for Data Science](#): book covers all of the course and more
- [Happy git with R](#): for a [git](#) and [Rstudio](#) guide

Getting info

- inline help
 - `?command`: returns command documentation
 - `??topic`: returns search results for the topic
- vignettes
 - `HTML` tutorials, with code and results
- StackExchange [here](#)
 - code Q&A website. Not `R`-only.
 - use sensible keywords
 - learn how to ask a question